

## <u>Geography – Fair Trade</u>



## Human Geography - Explain settlement features by relating to trade links and economic activity.

## <u>Vocabulary</u>

Sustainability: If something is sustainable, it can be carried on for a long period of time. Being sustainable means doing little or no harm to the environment.

- **Import:** Goods or services purchased from one country and brought into the UK.
- **Export:** Goods or services made in the UK and sold to another country.
- Fair Trade: A way of buying goods designed to make sure that the producers of these goods in developing countries are paid a fair and stable price for the goods that we buy from them.
- **Economy**: The word used to explain how money is made and spent in a particular area. This could be within a country or across the world.
- **Carbon Footprint**: the number of gases released into the air by what we do, like driving cars or using electricity, and how it affects the environment.

Lesson 1 – Can I compare climates of the UK with West Africa?

Lesson 2 – Can I map the journey of chocolate and explore what a carbon footprint is?

Lesson 3 – Can I consider how our choices have global consequences?

Lesson 4 – Can I describe our basic needs and wants?

Lesson 5 – Can I explain what forest friendly farming is?

Lesson 6 – Can map systems of fair trade?











